

### **Designers Lighting Forum**

# Is it Time for LED-to-LED Lighting Conversions?

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Tuesday, March 7, 2023 1:00pm – 2:00pm EST







### **AIA Approved Course**

One LU/HSW Hour will be earned upon the completion of this course and will be reported to AIA CES for AIA members. Certificates of Completion for both AIA members and non-AIA members are available upon request.

This course is registered with AIA CES for continuing professional education. As such, it does not include content that may be deemed or construed to be an approval or endorsement by the AIA of any material of construction or any method or manner of handling, using, distributing, or dealing in any material or product.

Questions related to specific materials, methods, and services will be addressed at the conclusion of this presentation.







# **Course Description**

The rapid adoption of LED lighting that began more than a decade ago has dramatically reduced the amount of energy require to light our homes and businesses. This reduced energy consumption has not only delivered environmental good but has also helped disperse significant energy saving dollars across the country. However, like legacy light sources, LEDs also shed light over time, and many of the early LED installations have now likely fallen below their original lighting design intent, leaving these applications compromised and in need of luminaire replacements. In this course we'll examine the need and value of LED-to-LED lighting conversions.







## Learning Objectives

At the end of this course, participants will be able to:

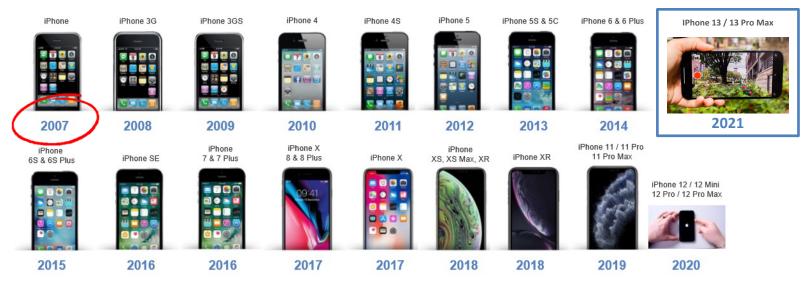
- 1. Understand why we need to consider LED-to-LED conversions...today
- 2. Identify the most common applications likely to benefit from a LED-to-LED conversion...today
- 3. Discuss the shifting value today's LED luminaires can deliver compared to the predecessors
- 4. Identify how to remove existing LED luminaires from service in an environmentally-responsible way







### What Year Was the First iPhone Released?



How Many of You Have Owned More Than One Smartphone Since 2007? What Year Where the First Commercially-viable LED Fixtures Released?





# Why Does This Grocery Store Light Their Parking Lot at Night?



- LED Luminaires Don't Last Forever
  Lighting Floors, Not Ceilings
  - Define Lowest "in-service" Light Levels
    - Understand Rate of Lumen Depreciation Over Time

### So People Can See

- Functional Light to Perform a Task(s)
- To Keep People Safe
- Manage Risk
- To Attract Business

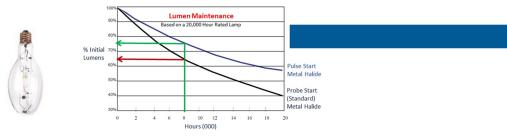
Some Minimum Light Level is Required to Meet the Lighting Goals of this Store





# Predicting the Future – Understanding Lumen Depreciation

- Legacy Lamps Had Rules Regarding Lumen Depreciation
- Fixture Design Had No Influence on Lumen Depreciation



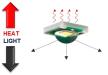


- LED Luminaire Design Can Greatly Influence Lumen Depreciation
- The Need For Luminaire Specific Lumen Depreciation Data from Manufacturers



Performance May Vary Greatly Base on Product Design

An Identical LED's





Lumen Depreciation Impacts <u>ALL</u> Lighting Applications and Our Ability to Continue to Meet Our Lighting Goals

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The Rules Have Changed, But There Are Still Rules LED Lumen Depreciation Happens, But Much More Slowly Lowest "in-service" Light Level = Luminaire Replacement





## L70 is Misapplied and For Purchasers of Light, the Wrong Metric

There's More to "Life" Than L70 L70 is <u>ONLY</u> a Predictor of Lumen (Light) Depreciation of the LED L70 is <u>NOT</u> a Predictor of "System" Life

What the L70 Just Happened?



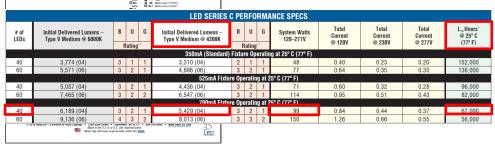
Assumption:

4,000 Lumens are Required to Proper Light my Parking Garage

Day 1, Hour 1 Metrics: 5,429 Lumens; 99W; 55 LPW (I'm over lighting my space by 36%; overconsuming (spending) on energy as well.)

Day 2,791 (7.6 Years @ 24 Hours/Day), Hour 67,000 Metrics: 3,800 Lumens; 99W; 38 LPW (I'm under lighting my space by 5%; same energy consumption as Night 1)

L70 = 30% Reduction in Lumens AND 30% Reduction in Efficacy











### Design Criteria: Recommended Practice or Original Design Intent

Begin with the End in Mind





IES RP-8+Addendum 1 "Values cited are to be *maintained* over time on the area of coverage."

- Applications at L70 or Lower Have Reached "End-of-Useful" Life
- Many Early LED Applications Above L70 May Now Be Below Their Original Design Intent
  - Lowest "in-service" Light Levels

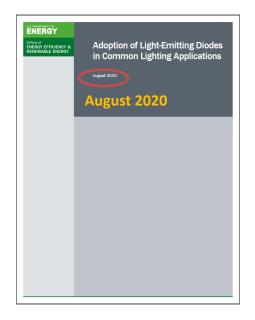


Theoretical "End-of-Life"

Most of Today's Products are Designed to Be Replaced Well Before L70



## Adoption of LEDs in Common Lighting Applications (2018)



Application	2018 LED Installed Penetration (%)	Installed <sup>1</sup>				
А-Туре	32.9%	<b>1</b> 1,144				
Decorative	16.0%	207.0				
Directional	43.0%	228.3				
Small Directional	49.7%	43.7				
Downlighting	44.8%	<b>2</b> 308.0				
Linear Fixture	20.1%	224.0				
Low/High Bay	17.1%	18.0				
Total Indoor	29.8%	2,173				
Street/Roadway	48.6%	24.2				
Parking Garage	<b>1</b> 69.1%	19.0				
Parking Lot	<b>2</b> 54.0%	27.1				
Building Exterior	45.8%	39.5				
Total Outdoor	51.4%	( 109.7 )				
Other	14.5%	29.2				
Connected Controls	0.2%	13.5				
Total All <sup>3</sup>	30.0%	2,325				





Source: www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2020/09/f78/ssl-led-adoption-aug2020.pdf



# The Clock is Ticking



Parking Garage Luminaires (Any 24 Hours Per Day, 7 Days a Week Application) Hours of Operation = 24 Hours Per Day, 365 Days Per Year 8,760 Hours Per Year

Parking Lot Luminaires (Any 12 Hours Per Day, 7 Days Per Week Application) Hours of Operation = 12 Hours Per Day, 365 Days Per Year 4,380 Hours Per Year

Assume L70 = 50,000 Hours 4,380 Hours Per Year = 11.4 Years 8,760 Hours Per Year = 5.7 Years

Parking Garage Luminaires from 2016 or Earlier

Parking Lot Luminaires from 2010 or Earlier (Likely More Recent Installs for Retailers or Other Higher Risk Applications)

	2016 LED Adoption						
Application	2016 LED Installed Penetration (%)	2016 LED Units Installed <sup>1</sup> (Millions)					
А-Туре	13.5%	436					
Decorative	6.7%	58.9					
Directional	15.3%	82.4					
Small Directional	47.6%	21.0					
Downlighting	19.8%	137					
Linear Fixture	6.0%	68.0					
Low/High Bay	9.4%	8.6					
Total Indoor	12.3%	812					
Street/Roadway	28.3%	12.5					
Parking Garage	32.5%	8.5					
Parking Lot	26.2%	7.1					
Building Exterior	31.2%	18.1					
Total Outdoor	29.7%	46.1					
Other	7.7%	15.6					
Connected Controls	<0.1%	4.0					
Total All	12.6%	874					



Source: https://www.energy.gov/stev/prod/Nev/2017/08/125/led-adoption-jul2017\_0.pdf



Site audits can help confirm current state and urgency of need.





### – Cost of Waiting

Updated Platform w/2014 Technology

### LED-to-LED Conversations; Results May Vary

#### The 2011 Sale

Energy Savings Versus 175W MH Legacy Technology

LED = 99W 175W MH = 215W 54% Energy Savings



#### Today's Sale vs. 2011 LED Energy Savings Versus 2011 99W LED Technology

2011 LED = 99W Today's LED= 33W 67% Energy Savings







2021



The 2014 Sale

175W MH = 215W

79% Energy Savings

2014 | FD = 46W

Today's LED= 33W

28% Energy Savings

Today's Sale vs. 2014 LED

LED = 46W

Watts the Big Deal?

#### 46W vs 33W

Energy Savings Versus 175W MH Legacy Technology

Energy Savings Versus 2014 46W LED Technology

~\$15.00 Per Fixture Per Year in Energy Spend

200 Fixtures Per Level \$3,000 Per Level Per Year

6 Levels \$18,000 Per Garage Per Year \*Asume Cost or KWh = \$0.1319: 24 Hours/Dav Operation / No Controls



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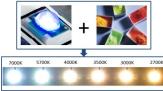
### LED-to-LED Conversations; Results May Vary

#### The Added Value of LED-to-LED Conversion Today (OUTDOOR)

- Possibility for a Much Improved Lighting Experience
- Warmer Color Temperatures Are Now Economically Viable
- Possibility for Much Lower Lumen Depreciation
   Over Time







- Broader, Higher Value and More Sophisticated Controls Offering
- Higher Efficacy Solutions (Improved Lumens Per Watt)
- Comparatively Lower First Cost Solutions vs. Early LED Solutions

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Category	General	Minimum	Minimum Efficacy (lm/W)			
	Application Light Output (In		DLC Standard	DLC Premium		
	Low Output	250-5,000	105	120		
Outdoor Luminaires	Mid Output	5,000-10,000	105	120		
	High Output	10,000-30,000	105	120		
	Very High Output	≥30,000	105	120		
Indoor Luminaires	Interior Directional	≥250	80	95		
	Case Lighting	≥50 lm/ft	95	110		
	Troffer	≥1,500	110	125		
	Linear Ambient	≥375 lm/ft	115	130		
	High-Bay	≥10,000	120	135		
	Low-Bay	5,000-10,000	115	130		
Outdoor Retrofit Kits	Low Output	250-5,000	105	120		
	Mid Output	5,000-10,000	105	120		
	High Output	≥10,000	105	120		
	Very High Output	≥30,000	105	120		
	Troffer	≥1,500	110	125		

V5.1 Efficacy Requirements for Luminaires and Retrofit Kits [DLC Standard and DLC Premium Classifications]



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# of LEDs	Initial Delivered Lumens – Type V		В	U	G	Initial Deliver Lumens – Type	V	B	U	G	System W 120-27
LEDO	Mediur	m @ 6000K	R	ating		Medium @ 430				ng	
		2.2.2.2.2		5	25m	A Fixture Operating a	at 25° C	(77°	F)		
20	2,3	31 (02)	2	1	1	2,044 (02	)	2	1	1	37
40	4,6	62 (04)	3	1	1	4,089 (04	)	3	1	1	69
60	6,9	93 (06)	3	1	2	6,133 (06	)	3	1	1	110
80	9,3	24 (08)	4	2	2	8,178 (08	)	3	2	2	138
100	11,6	55 (10)	4	2	2	10,222 (10	)	4	2	2	177
120	13,9	86 (12)	4	2	2	12,267 (12	)	4	2	2	217
Rev. D	ate: V4 04		570	ок		4000K 3000K					
A second						00K, 5000k 3000K = 4	· ·				
Type V Mid D	3000K (70 CRI)			CR()		5000K (90 CRI)			570	3K (70 CR	0
Lumen Package	Initial Delivered	BUG Ratings"	Initial Del	hered	0110	Ratings" Initial Delivered	BUG Ratin	ee"	Initi	al Deliver	ed BLIG Ratio

5700K

#### L70 = 61,000 Hours



> L95 @ 50,000 Hours

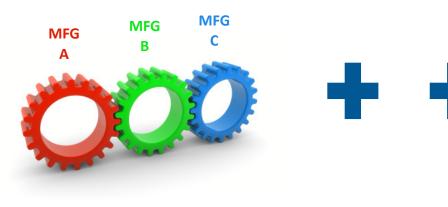




### LED-to-LED Conversations; Results May Vary

#### The Added Value of LED-to-LED Conversion Today (INDOOR)

- Possibility for a Much Improved Lighting Experience
  - Lighting for Health and Well-Being
- Broader, Higher Value and More Sophisticated Controls Offering
  - Greater Interoperability Across Manufacturers' Products
- Possibility for Much Lower Lumen Depreciation Over Time
- Higher Efficacy Solutions (Improved Lumens Per Watt)
- Comparatively Lower First Cost Solutions vs. Early LED Solutions









# Environmentally-Responsible End of Useful Life

#### No Mercury, No Problem?

- Unlike Incumbent Light Sources LEDs DO <u>NOT</u> Contain Mercury
- LED Bulbs & Fixtures Contain Electronic Circuit Boards
  - Likely Considered e-waste or Universal Waste in Most Communities

#### LED Bulbs vs. LED Fixtures

- Many Big Box Stores May Accept LED Bulbs for Recycling
- Contact Your Local Recycling Center for Guidance on LED Bulbs & Fixtures

#### **Recycle for All the Right Reasons**

- It's the Right Thing To Do
- Not Recycling Is Throwing Money Away
  - Most Contractors Can Generate Additional Revenue/Profits Through Recycling Efforts

#### Ask Your Contractor About Their Recycling Policy



*Constructed of Die Cast and extruded aluminum components.* 





# **Closing Comments**

#### Don't Leave Your Business in the Dark and at Risk

- Establish and Commit to Meeting Your "Maintained" Lighting Goals First
- Value Lighting Design
  - Begin with the End in Mind (Lowest "in-service" Light Level)
  - L<sub>70</sub> is the <u>WRONG</u> Metric to Consider
    - Use Manufacturer, Product Specific Lumen Depreciation Data
    - Lumen Depreciation Data Should Be Based on Your "Reasonable" Application Life Timeframe
  - "Reasonable" Timeframe for "Non-Commodity" LED Solutions?
    - 10 Years?
      - 50,000 Hours (12 Hours/Day Applications) = 11.4 Years
      - 100,000 Hours (24 Hours/Day Applications) = 11.4 Years
- Periodic Lighting Surveys Can Help Confirm Lighting Goals are Being Met
- You Don't Need to Be an Expert
  - Partner with People You Trust
  - Ask Questions



"Functional" Smartphones Are Replaced Everyday Because They No Longer Meet Our Needs.

Shouldn't Your LED Luminaires Also Be Replaced? Unlike Your Smartphone, They'll Reliably Put Money in Your Pocket.



Those who fail to learn from history are doomed to repeat it.



Your "Functional" LED Luminaires May No Longer Be Meeting Your Needs Either.





### This concludes The American Institute of Architects Continuing Education Systems Course



